

MEMORAD MEMORAD

THE OFFICIAL USER MAGAZINE OF M.C.L.
FOR MEMOTECH COMPUTER USERS WORLD WIDE

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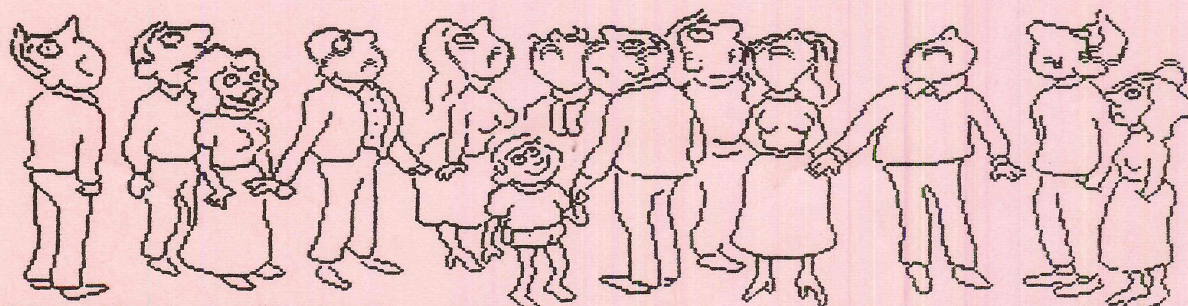
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PLUS

HARDWARE & SOFTWARE PRICE LISTS

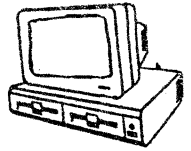
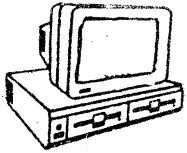
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Extending Your Basic

This article is written to provide an insight into how you can add your own Basic extensions to the Memotech MTX (and RS) series of computers through the USER commands.

The program with this article will provide two new commands that will allow direct manipulation of the video RAM from basic (allowing you to read sprite positions, character definitions etc..)

The new commands are :-

USER POKE <address>, <byte> and
USER PEEK (<address>), <variable name>

Note that the PEEK command has a different format than usual. This is to allow a value to be returned by the machine code routine; but more of that later.

USER COMMANDS:

MTX basic allows for new commands in the form of:

USER <name>, <parameter>, <parameter>... etc

where <name> can be any basic keyword, or even a new word of your own. If you use a new word (Eg: FILL) your routine will need to check each character in turn; but when using a keyword it will be tokenised as the line is entered, and so only one byte must be checked. (Note: $\text{\$E5}$ = PEEK, $\text{\$AD}$ = POKE)

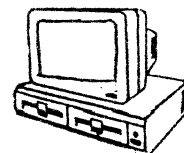
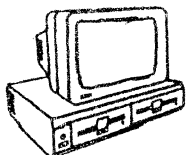
When the MTX ROM encounters your new command it will provide some syntax checking depending on what has been loaded into locations $\text{\$FA88}$ down to $\text{\$FA86}$. The most common syntax bytes are:

- 0 - Numeric expression
- 1 - String expression
- 2 - Arithmetic expression
- 3 - List of expressions separated by ",", " or ";"
- 4 - List of numbers separated by ",", "
- 5 - List of arithmetic expressions
- 6 - Single number from 0-65535
- 7 - Check nothing (most common)

Although other values can also be used.

If no errors are found then the ROM will jump to your new routine through a vector at $\text{\$FA89}$, so the format is:

$\text{\$FA85}$	- Return byte
$\text{\$FA86}$ to $\text{\$FA88}$	- Syntax checking bytes (loaded from $\text{\$FA88}$ downwards)
$\text{\$FA89}$	- jump ($\text{\$C3}$)
$\text{\$FA8A}/\text{\$FA8B}$	- adress of new routine (LSB/MSB)



PASSING VALUES

When the MTX finally enters your new routine the register pair DE will point to the character that follows the USER statement. Your routine can use this to read the bytes after the USER statement to obtain values. The easiest way to do this is to use the RST 30 instruction. On the MTX when DE is pointing to a variable name (or number) the RST 30 instruction will return with the BC register containing the value of the variable, DE pointing to the terminating character +1 and the zero flag set. If an error is detected the zero flag will be reset (ie: if NZ then error).

This means that by repeated use of RST 30 your routine can obtain as many values as required. Although obviously you are restricted to integers in the range 0-65535.

RETURNING VALUES

The MTX does not allow for a USER statement to be given a value (Eg: LET X=USER PEEK..) but this can easily be overcome by a call to the MTX ROM. There is a routine at £29DA (the ROM LET routine) that is used by basic when it defines a variable, so by using this your routine can return as many values as required (hence the odd format for USER PEEK).

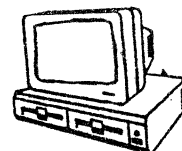
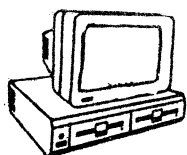
USING THE PROGRAM

The listing should be entered using the built-in assembler and then saved to tape before running. This is because the program moves itself into the common RAM page (£C000 - £FFFF), this is essential if it is to be used on machines with more than 32K RAM.

Once run the program will NEW itself and a basic program can then be entered that uses the new command. It may be of use to know that the MTX configures VRAM as follows:

Sprite attributes	£3FFF - 16383
ASCII name table (graphics)	£3F00 - 16128
Sprite patterns	£3C00 - 15360
Graphics colour table	£3800 - 14336
ASCII name table (text)	£2000 - 8192
Text pattern table	£1C00 - 7168
Graphics pattern table	£1800 - 6144
	£0000 - 0

For more information you should refer to appendix 6 in the MTX manual.



ROM CALLS:

RST 30:

Enter with DE pointing to data
Returns with BC=value of data, and zero flag reset if an error is detected.

£0DD0:

Enter with BC = value
Returns with DE pointing to the ASCII equivalent of the value (terminating with £FF)

£29DA:

Enter with DE pointing to variable definition (terminating with £FF)
Returns after defining variable.
Note tokenised form of "=" is £D4

£FA54

Vector for the MTX error handling routine in ROM (at £18AF)
Enter with A=error code.

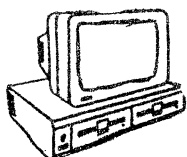
I hope this has proved of some use to other Memotech owners and I am sure you will agree that this is a very powerful feature of MTX basic.

GOOD NEWS

ALL THE PROGRAMS USED IN *THE SOURCE* ARE NOW AVAILABLE ON DISC. 9.95p inclusive.

A must for the serious user ... make sure you get the demonstrations right first time and install them into your own programs.

PLEASE STATE SYSTEM AND DISC SIZE WHEN ORDERING E.G 3.5 CPM OR 5.25 500K
ORION SOFTWARE The Northbridge Centre, Elm Street, Burnley BB10 1P 0282831695



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REVIEW REVIEW REVIEW REVIEW REVIEW REVIEW REVIEW

FOOTBALL MANAGER REVIEW by Adrian Holt

Tape	-	£6.95
CP/M & all 3.5" formats	-	£9.95
CP/M & all 5.25" formats	-	£8.25

Football Manager is a game of strategy and skill. The aim of the game is to take your selected team to the top of the first division and ultimately become league champions.

You must first select the level of play you desire, there are seven skill levels available :- BEGINNER, NOVICE, AVERAGE, GOOD, EXPERT, SUPER EXPERT and GENIUS. Pick your team from a selection of sixty four. Starting at the bottom of the fourth division you must play fifteen matches in a season, at the end of the season if you are one of the top three teams in your division you will be promoted to the next division and receive your league success bonus.

Entry for the F.A Cup is automatic and it is possible, as in the real F.A. Cup, to win this even if you do not win the league, if you do win you will be rewarded by an excellent display of the Cup while the crowds cheer.

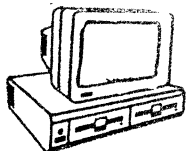
You are allowed to top your money up by obtaining a loan. The size of the loan will depend upon which league you are in. Exceeding this loan results in you being sacked -so be careful. Another nice touch is the facility to display the league table so that you can see the number of points you have, goals scored - for and against. You can also change your team and player names so you can be a player/manager of your favourite team.

If you are finding the skill level you selected too easy you can change to a more difficult level at any time during the game, on the other hand, if the going is a little too demanding you can go down to a lower level - I found this useful!

Having selected your team, it is possible to change players for each game according to the strategy you want to adopt. You are presented with the three dimensional highlights of the game, which are very fast and far more realistic in comparison to the original Amstrad version. After each game the players energy and morale values are updated in relation to result.

Should you be forced to leave the game for some reason it is possible to save your game to tape or disc, so on returning to the game you can start where you left off - handy eh?

This is a must for football fans, business game fanatics or anyone who likes a challenge. Addiction rating is very high and playability will keep you coming back for more.



A.I. AFTERTHOUGHT

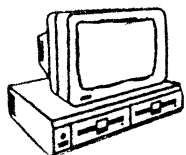
Well, here I am again, which only goes to prove what an excellent choice of editor our Keith has made. Still, down to business as they say, and what better place to start than with a couple of weaknesses which we were left with in the previous article.

Firstly, the problem with variable adjustment. Namely, to allow it to change quickly yet at the same time in an accurate manner. At this point you may be asking why it is necessary to be able to control accurately what is supposed to be a random number. The point is, we are not going to control the random number, merely it's range. The reason for this is so that the variable can be quickly adjusted to the value that best enables it to play effectively. It starts off with a large range which allows for rapid slewing across the range. Then as it closes in on the best value, the range reduces so that time is not wasted in trying larger values than necessary. But what is the point? after all, isn't the whole idea that it should find the best position anyway, in time? Yes, it is but 'saving time' is the real point. If the program can be made to achieve optimum performance that much quicker, then if the optimum value changes, maybe due to some change in the playing style by its opponent, then it can adjust itself to the change that much more quickly, so maintaining it's effectiveness as an opponent. OK, so how is it done? Well the way I did it was to make the range of random values chosen vary according to how effectively the program chooses values that improve itself. So as long as they improve the effectiveness of it's play, the range of values stays large, but when it produces a series that do not improve the situation, as it will when the value approaches optimum, it reduces the range of the values of the numbers produced, so that the probability of obtaining a value that does improve the situation rises. Suppose C is twice the maximum range over which random numbers are chosen, and TOT is the total number of random values tried with the selected variable, and GOOD is the total number of those that improve it. We can change line 8030 to :-

```
8030 LET VA = RND * (GOOD/TOT) * 2 * C
```

It works as follows. Normally the number of GOOD choices should be around half the total number of TOT choices, but as the variable approaches the optimum position, TOT will increment several times while GOOD stays static, so GOOD/TOT will fall and so reduce VA.

```
22      DIM GOOD (16), TOTAL (16)
8015    LET TOTAL (POS) = TOTAL (POS) + 1 : REM TRY ANOTHER
      CHANGE
8025    LET GOOD = GOOD (POS) : LET TOT = TOTAL (POS)
8030    LET VA = RND * (GOOD/TOT) * 2 * 2000
8110    IF RESULT > -1 THEN LET GOOD (POS) = GOOD (POS) + 1
```

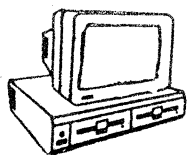
At this point, you may like to try changing the 2000 in line 8030 to another value, say 1000 or 500 or how about making it proportional to MEM. Those of you who know statistics may care to try VA with a normalised distribution and let GOOD\TOT control the standard deviation.

Now, what about the way we check for performance improvement. What can we do to improve that? Some sort of time factor, so that the number of moves needed is taken into consideration? Well, yes but if we give it a pre-set number of moves to win in, and within which improvements are allowed but after which none are allowed, seems little better than the present situation, while having to beat it's previous best would be far too much of a restriction. So what then? ... Wait a bit, how about letting the program decide for itself. After all, it is supposed to be intelligent. We could use a variable to indicate the number of moves within which a win must be made to qualify as an improvement, like that first improvement, like that first idea. Only instead of being preset, the program works the value out for itself. Now the minimum moves for a win is 4, while the maximum is 32, a range of only 28. So a simple offset of + or -1 chosen at random should control it.

```
23      LET SPEED = 32: REM IMPROVEMENT QUALIFYING MOVES (MAX)
1505    LET TEMPO = 0: REM PLAYER STARTS
1515    LET TEMPO = 1 REM PROGRAM STARTS
6005    LET TEMPO = TEMPO +1 : REM ANOTHER MOVE
8010    LET POS = INT (RND X 16) +1 : REM EXTRA VARIABLE (SPEED)
8012    IF POS = 17 THEN LET VA = INT (RND X 2) -1 : GOTO 8070
8060    GOTO 8090
8070    LET SPEED = SPEED + VA
8072    IF SPEED > 32 THEN LET SPEED = 32 : LET VA = 0
8074    IF SPEED < 4 THEN LET SPEED = 4 : LET VA = 0
8105    IF TEMPO > SPEED THEN LET RESULT = -1
8125    IF POS = 17 THEN LET SPEED = SPEED - VA : GOTO 8200
8520    REM YOU NOW NEED TO RESTORE AND SAVE SPEED AS WELL
```

Once Keith has converted Connect Four, you may like to convert these routines yourself. It then becomes possible to modify the program so that it can play against itself, old variable against new one (MEM v MEM + VA), over and over again, allowing you to try out different ideas over a number of games, unattended.

I think that this should be enough to be going on with, so I will sign off and I hope you found it interesting, I would be interested to hear from anyone who has any ideas for improvements or changes.



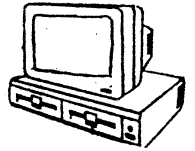
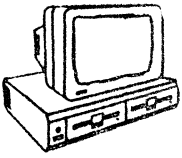
Database

```

10 REM ***** MAINMENU.BAS *****
20 REM ***** VERSION 2 *****
30 REM ***** D.WEMYSS *****
40 REM ***** OCT 1986 *****
50 USER SAVE "MAINMENU.BAS"
60 VS 5: CLS : CLEAR : DIM F$(7,14),D$(7,14),CONF$(3)
70 LET F$(1)="F1.....": LET F$(2)="F2.....": LET F$(3)="F3.....": LET F$(4)="F4.....": LET F$(5)="F5.....": LET F$(6)="F6..
.....": LET F$(7)="F7....."
80 LET D$(1)="Start New File": LET D$(2)="Update File": LET D$(3)="View File": LET D$(4)="Search File": LET D$(5)="Sort File": LET D$(6)="Print File": LET D$(
7)="-End Session"
90 PLOD "PROG1": CLS : CSR 30,0: PRINT "MAIN MENU": CSR 29,1: PRINT "======"
95 LET N=1
100 FOR I=4 TO 22 STEP 3
110 CSR 23,I: PRINT F$(N);D$(N)
120 LET N=N+1: NEXT I
130 LET A$=INKEY$: LET A=ASC(A$)
140 IF A<128 OR A>134 THEN GOTO 130
150 CLS : CSR 25,10
160 PAUSE 100
170 IF A=128 THEN GOTO 260
180 IF A=129 THEN GOTO 280
190 IF A=130 THEN GOTO 300
200 IF A=131 THEN GOTO 320
210 IF A=132 THEN GOTO 340
220 IF A=133 THEN GOTO 360
230 IF A=134 THEN INPUT "Type 'YES' to quit ";CONF$
240 IF CONF$<>"YES" THEN CLS : GOTO 90
250 NEW
260 PRINT "New File Module loading": GOSUB 380
270 USER LOAD "INPUTDAT.BAS"
280 PRINT "Update Module loading": GOSUB 380
290 USER LOAD "UPDATE.BAS"
300 PRINT "View File Module loading": GOSUB 380
310 USER LOAD "VIEWFILE.BAS"
320 PRINT "Search File Module loading": GOSUB 380
330 USER LOAD "SEARCH.BAS"
340 PRINT "Sort Module loading": GOSUB 380
350 USER LOAD "SORT.BAS"
360 PRINT "Print Module loading": GOSUB 380
370 USER LOAD "PRINT.BAS"
380 CSR 25,12: PRINT "Please wait....."
390 RETURN
10 REM *****
20 REM ***** INPUTDAT.BAS *****
30 REM ***** VERSION 2 *****
40 REM ***** D.WEMYSS *****
50 REM ***** OCT 1986 *****
60 REM *****
70 USER SAVE "INPUTDAT.BAS"
80 VS 5: CLS : CLEAR : DIM F$(2,14),A$(3),B$(30),FILE$(12),H$(30),O$(8),D$(2,20)
90 LET B$="": LET R=0
100 LET F$(1)="F1.....": LET F$(2)="F2.....": LET D$(1)="Open new file": LET D$(2)="Return to Main Menu"
110 CSR 30,0: PRINT "DATA INPUT": CSR 29,1: PRINT "======"

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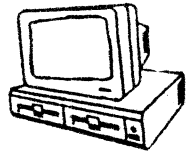
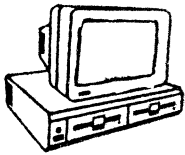
Here is another suite of programs from Dave Wemyss comprising of seven separate files which combine together to make a complete Database.



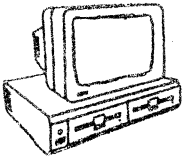
```

120 CSR 22,10: PRINT F$(1);D$(1): CSR 22,13: PRINT F$(2);D$(2)
130 LET A$=INKEY$: LET A=ASC(A$)
140 IF A<128 OR A>129 THEN GOTO 130
150 IF A=128 THEN GOTO 180
160 CLS : CSR 30,10: PRINT "Returning to Main Menu": CSR 30,12: PRINT "Please wait....."
170 USER LOAD "MAINMENU.BAS"
180 CLS : CSR 10,5: PRINT "Name of datafile? (Max 8 chars)";: INPUT " ";B$
190 IF LEN(B$)>8 THEN GOTO 180 ELSE LET D$=B$
200 CLS : CSR 10,5: PRINT "Maximum number of records =80"
210 CSR 10,7: INPUT "Number of headings? (Max 10) ";NH
220 IF NH<1 OR NH>10 THEN GOTO 210
230 DIM HEAD$(NH,8),RECORD$(80,NH,25),R$(30)
240 CLS : CSR 36,0: PRINT D$: CSR 35,1: PRINT "======"
250 CSR 10,5: PRINT "Enter headings (Max 8 chars)"
260 FOR X=0 TO 79: PRINT "-";: NEXT X
270 FOR I=1 TO NH
280 LET B$="" : CSR 10,I+6: PRINT I;".": CSR 16,I+6: INPUT "> ";B$: IF LEN(B$)>8 THEN GOTO 280
290 IF B$="" THEN GOTO 280
300 LET HEAD$(I)=B$: NEXT I
310 CLS : CSR 36,0: PRINT D$: CSR 35,1: PRINT "======"
320 FOR I=1 TO NH
330 CSR 10,I+4: PRINT I;".": CSR 15,I+4: PRINT HEAD$(I)
340 NEXT I
350 CSR 5,22: PRINT "Are these headings O.K.? (Y/M)": GOSUB 360: GOTO 390
360 LET A$=INKEY$: IF A$<>" " THEN GOTO 360
370 LET A$=INKEY$: IF A$="" THEN GOTO 370
380 IF A$<>"N" AND A$<>"n" AND A$<>"Y" AND A$<>"y" THEN GOTO 360
385 RETURN
390 IF A$="Y" OR A$="y" THEN GOSUB 660: GOTO 460
400 CSR 5,22: INPUT "Which heading to change? ";F
410 IF F<1 OR F>NH THEN GOTO 400
420 CLS : CSR 10,10: PRINT F;". ";HEAD$(F)
430 LET B$="" : CSR 10,12: INPUT "New heading (Max 8 chars) ";B$
440 IF B$="" OR LEN(B$)>8 THEN GOTO 430 ELSE LET HEAD$(F)=B$
450 GOTO 310
460 USER OPEN#1,0$,"O"
470 LET H$=0$+" Record No. "+STR$(R+1)
480 CLS : CSR 25,0: PRINT H$
490 FOR J=24 TO 26+LEN(H$): CSR J,1: PRINT "=: NEXT J
500 FOR I=1 TO NH: CSR 10,I+3: PRINT HEAD$(I): CSR 18,I+3: PRINT "> ": NEXT I
510 CSR 10,20: PRINT F$(1);"Enter data": CSR 50,20: PRINT F$(2);"Return to menu"
520 LET A$=INKEY$: LET A=ASC(A$)
530 IF A<128 OR A>129 THEN GOTO 510
540 IF A=129 THEN GOTO 640
550 LET R=R+1
560 FOR I=1 TO NH: LET R$=""
570 CRVS 0,3,21,I+3,25,1,80
580 VS 0: EDITOR R$: IF R$="" OR LEN(R$)>25 THEN GOTO 580 ELSE LET RECORD$(R,I)=R$
590 NEXT I: GOSUB 800
600 FOR I=1 TO NH
610 USER PRINT #1,RECORD$(R,I)
620 NEXT I
630 VS 5: GOTO 470
640 USER CLOSE#1
650 VS 5: CLS : GOTO 110
660 LET FILE$=D$+".HDS"
670 USER OPEN#1,FILE$,"O"
680 FOR I=1 TO NH
690 USER PRINT #1,HEAD$(I)
700 NEXT I: USER CLOSE#1
710 RETURN
800 VS 5: CLS : CSR 35,0: PRINT D$: CSR 34,1: PRINT "======"

```

```
810 FOR X=1 TO MH: CSR 20,X+4: PRINT HEAD$(X);": CSR 30,X+4: PRINT RECORD$(R,X): NEXT X
820 CSR 20,20: PRINT "Are these entries O.K.? (Y/N)": GOSUB 360
830 IF A$="Y" OR A$="Y" THEN RETURN
840 CSR 20,20: INPUT "Which line do you wish to change? ";L: IF L<1 OR L>MH THEN GOTO 840
850 CLS : CSR 20,10: PRINT RECORD$(R,L)
860 LET B$="": CSR 20,12: INPUT "New Record > ";B$: IF LEN (B$)>25 THEN GOTO 860 ELSE LET RECORD$(R,L)=B$
870 GOTO 800
10 REM *****
20 REM ***** UPDATE.BAS *****
30 REM ***** VERSION 2 *****
40 REM ***** D. WENYSS *****
50 REM ***** OCT 1986 *****
60 REM *****
70 USER SAVE "UPDATE.BAS"
80 CLEAR : VS 5: CLS
90 CSR 20,5: PRINT "Please wait.....": CSR 20,7: PRINT "Setting up variables....."
100 DIM H$(30),CONF$(3),FILE$(2,12),HEAD$(10,8),F$(4,14),RECORD$(80,10,25),EMP$(25),C$(2,20),D$(4,19),P$(12),O$(8),L$(12),B$(30)
110 LET W=0: LET T=0: LET Y=0: LET Z=0: LET L$="": LET EMP$="" ": LET B$=""
120 CLS : CSR 10,5: PRINT "Which file to work? (Max 8 chars)": INPUT " > ";L$: IF LEN (L$)>8 THEN GOTO 120
130 LET O$=L$
140 LET FILE$(1)=O$+".SER": LET FILE$(2)=O$+".HDS"
150 GOSUB 1600
160 CSR 20,7: PRINT "Loading heading number ";W
170 USER OPEN#1,FILE$(2),"I"
180 FOR I=1 TO 10
190 USER EOF#1,230
200 LET W=W+1: CSR 43,7: PRINT W: PAUSE 100
210 USER INPUT #1,HEAD$(I)
220 NEXT I
230 USER CLOSE#1
240 GOSUB 1650
250 GOSUB 1600
260 CSR 20,7: PRINT "Loading record number ";Y
270 FOR I=1 TO 200
280 USER EOF#1,330
290 LET Y=Y+1: CSR 42,7: PRINT Y
300 FOR N=1 TO H
310 USER INPUT #1,RECORD$(I,N)
320 NEXT N: NEXT I
330 LET Z=Y
340 USER CLOSE#1
350 LET F$(1)="F1.....": LET F$(2)="F2.....": LET F$(3)="F3.....": LET F$(4)="F4....."
360 LET D$(1)="Add a record": LET D$(2)="Modify a record": LET D$(3)="Delete a record": LET D$(4)="Return to Main Menu"
370 LET C$(1)="Add-Update-Delete": LET C$(2)=O$+" by D.W."
380 CLS : CSR 25,0: PRINT C$(1): CSR 25,2: PRINT C$(2)
390 GOSUB 1850
400 LET N=0
410 FOR I=7 TO 16 STEP 3
420 LET N=N+1
430 CSR 25,I: PRINT F$(N);D$(N)
440 NEXT I: GOSUB 1850
450 CSR 36,18: PRINT "WARNING!": PAUSE 500: CSR 19,20: PRINT "ADD ANY NEW RECORDS AFTER DOING ANY CHANGES!"
460 GOSUB 1850
470 GOSUB 1800
480 IF A<128 OR A>131 THEN GOTO 470
490 IF A=128 THEN GOTO 600
500 IF A=129 OR A=130 THEN GOTO 850
520 CLS : CSR 28,10: PRINT "Returning to Main Menu": CSR 28,12: PRINT "please wait....."
530 USER LOAD "MAINMENU.BAS"
600 REM Add a record
610 GOSUB 1710: LET R=0
```



Number
11

MEMOPAD

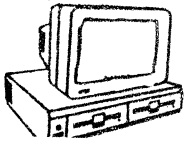
Volume
Three



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620 IF T=0 THEN LET P$=0$ ELSE LET P$=FILE$(1)
630 LET H$=P$+" New Record "+STR$(R+1)
640 CLS : CSR 23,0: PRINT H$
650 FOR J=22 TO 24+LEN(H$): CSR J,1: PRINT "=: NEXT J
660 FOR I=1 TO W: CSR 10,I+3: PRINT HEAD$(I): CSR 18,I+3: PRINT ">": NEXT I
670 CSR 10,20: PRINT F$(1);"Enter data": CSR 50,20: PRINT F$(2);"Return to Menu"
680 GOSUB 1800
690 IF A<128 OR A>129 THEN GOTO 670
700 IF A=129 THEN GOTO 790
710 LET R=R+1: FOR V=1 TO W: LET RECORD$(R,V)=ENP$: NEXT V: FOR I=1 TO W: LET LETB$=""
720 CRVS 0,3,21,I+3,25,1,80
730 VS 0: EDITOR B$: IF B$="" OR LEN(B$)>25 THEN GOTO 730 ELSE LET RECORD$(R,I)=B$
740 NEXT I: GOSUB 1900
750 FOR I=1 TO W
760 USER PRINT #1,RECORD$(R,I)
770 NEXT I
780 VS 5: GOTO 630
790 USER CLOSE#1
800 VS 5: CLS : GOTO 380
850 REM Modify/Delete a record
860 CLS : CSR 34,0: IF T=0 THEN PRINT 0$ ELSE PRINT FILE$(1)
870 FOR X=5 TO 4+W: CSR 0,X: PRINT X-4;".": CSR 4,X: PRINT HEAD$(X-4): NEXT X
880 CSR 20,10: INPUT "Which field to search? > ";FIELD: IF FIELD<1 OR FIELD>W THEN GOTO 880
890 CSR 20,12: INPUT "Enter data to search for > ";SEARCH$: IF LEN(SEARCH$)>25 THEN GOTO 890 ELSE LET SER=LEN(SEARCH$)
900 FOR X=5 TO 4+W: CSR 0,X: PRINT CHR$(5): NEXT X
910 GOSUB 1610: CSR 20,7: PRINT "Searching for ";SEARCH$
920 CSR 20,9: PRINT "Now looking at record no. "
930 FOR I=1 TO Z: CSR 49,9: PRINT I
940 IF LEFT$(RECORD$(I,FIELD),SER)=SEARCH$ THEN GOTO 1020
950 NEXT I
960 FOR X=5 TO 9 STEP 2: CSR 0,X: PRINT CHR$(5): NEXT X
970 CSR 20,10: PRINT "E N D   O F   F I L E": PAUSE 2000
980 CSR 10,20: PRINT F$(1);"Check directory          ";F$(2);"Return to Menu"
990 GOSUB 1800: IF A<128 OR A>129 THEN GOTO 990
1000 IF A=128 THEN GOSUB 2000: GOTO 850
1010 GOTO 380
1020 CLS : FOR X=5 TO 4+W: CSR 20,X: PRINT X-4: CSR 24,X: PRINT RECORD$(I,X-4): NEXT X
1030 CSR 20,20: PRINT "Is this the record to change? (Y/N)": GOSUB 1750
1040 IF A$="N" OR A$="n" THEN CLS : GOTO 950
1050 CSR 0,20: PRINT CHR$(5): CSR 20,20: PRINT F$(1);"Modify          ";F$(2);"Delete"
1060 GOSUB 1800: IF A<128 OR A>129 THEN GOTO 1060
1070 IF A=129 THEN GOTO 1400
1080 GOSUB 1900
1200 CSR 0,20: PRINT CHR$(5): CSR 20,20: PRINT "Modify/Delete another record? (Y/N)": GOSUB 1750
1210 IF A$="Y" THEN GOTO 860
1220 USER OPEN#1,"BACKUP.DAT", "0"
1230 CLS : CSR 30,10: PRINT "Please wait.....": CSR 30,12: PRINT "Saving changed data": CSR 30,14: PRINT "Now at record number "
1235 FOR I=1 TO Z
1238 CSR 51,14: PRINT I
1240 IF LEFT$(RECORD$(I,1),5)="DELY" AND LEFT$(RECORD$(I,2),4)="XYDE" THEN GOTO 1280
1250 FOR N=1 TO W
1260 USER PRINT #1,RECORD$(I,N)
1270 NEXT N
1280 NEXT I
1290 USER CLOSE#1
1300 IF T=1 THEN GOTO 1340
1310 USER ERAOS
1320 USER RENO$="BACKUP.DAT"
1330 GOTO 1360
1340 USER ERAFILE$(1)
1350 USER RENFILE$(1) = "BACKUP.DAT"

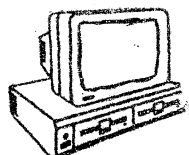
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1360 CLS : GOTO 380
1400 REM Delete Record
1410 CLS : CSR 26,0: PRINT "ARE YOU SURE YOU WANT TO": CSR 26,1: PRINT "**** D E L E T E ****": CSR 32,2: PRINT "THIS RECORD"
1420 GOSUB 1550: PRINT : GOSUB 1850
1430 PAUSE 200: CSR 20,20: PRINT "TYPE 'YES' TO CONFIRM - 'NO' TO BACKOUT"
1440 CSR 20,22: INPUT "> ";CONF$
1450 IF CONF$="NO" THEN GOTO 860 ELSE IF CONF$<>"YES" THEN GOTO 1440
1460 LET RECORD$(1,1)="DELXY": LET RECORD$(1,2)="XYDE": FOR X=3 TO W: LET RECORD$(1,W)=EMP$: NEXT : CLS : GOTO 1200
1500 IF (I-1)=Z THEN CLS : CSR 30,10: PRINT "END OF FILE": PAUSE 2000: CLS : GOTO 380
1510 IF (I-1)<Z THEN GOTO 2100
1520 RETURN
1550 FOR R=1 TO W: CSR 20,R+4: PRINT RECORD$(I,R): NEXT R
1560 RETURN
1600 CLS : CSR 30,0: PRINT 0$: CSR 29,1: PRINT "======"
1610 CSR 20,5: PRINT "Please wait....."
1620 RETURN
1650 CLS : CSR 22,5: PRINT "Is file a search list? (Y/N)": GOSUB 1750
1660 IF A$="N" THEN GOTO 1690
1670 USER OPEN#1,FILE$(1),"I"
1680 LET T=1: GOTO 1700
1690 USER OPEN#1,0$,"I"
1700 RETURN
1710 IF T=1 THEN USER OPEN#1,FILE$(1),"O"
1720 IF T=0 THEN USER OPEN#1,0$,"O"
1730 RETURN
1750 LET A$=INKEY$: IF A$<>" " THEN GOTO 1750
1760 LET A$=INKEY$: IF A$=" " THEN GOTO 1760
1770 IF A$<>"Y" AND A$<>"N" THEN GOTO 1750
1780 RETURN
1800 LET A$=INKEY$: LET A=ASC(A$): RETURN
1850 FOR X=0 TO 79: PRINT "- ";: NEXT X: RETURN
1900 VS 5: CLS : CSR 30,0: PRINT 0$: CSR 29,1: PRINT "=====": CSR 50,0: PRINT "Page Number ";I
1910 FOR X=1 TO W: CSR 15,X+4: PRINT X;".": CSR 20,X+4: PRINT HEAD$(X);".": CSR 30,X+4: PRINT RECORD$(I,X): NEXT
1920 CSR 20,20: PRINT "Are these records O.K.? (Y/N)": GOSUB 1750
1930 IF A$="Y" OR A$="Y" THEN RETURN
1940 CSR 20,20: INPUT "Which line do you wish to change?";F
1950 IF F<1 OR F>W THEN GOTO 1940
1960 CLS : CSR 20,10: PRINT RECORD$(I,F)
1970 LET B$="": LET RECORD$(I,F)=EMP$: CSR 20,12: INPUT "New record > ";B$: IF LEN(B$)>25 THEN GOTO 1970 ELSE LET RECORD$(I,F)=B$
1980 CSR 20,14: PRINT "Record now changed": PRINT : GOSUB 1850: PAUSE 1000: GOTO 1900
2000 REM DIRECTORY
2010 CLS : CSR 32,0: PRINT "Record Directory": GOSUB 1850: PAUSE 500
2020 FOR I=1 TO Z
2030 PRINT I;". ";RECORD$(I,1);" ";RECORD$(I,2): PAUSE 100
2040 IF I/15<>INT(I/15) THEN GOTO 2100
2050 CSR 1,20: PRINT F$(1);"Continue Directory ";F$(2);"Modify/Delete Record": CSR 1,21: PRINT F$(3);"Return to Menu"
2060 GOSUB 1800: IF A<128 OR A>130 THEN GOTO 2060
2070 IF A=128 THEN CLS : GOSUB 1500: GOTO 2100
2080 IF A=129 THEN GOTO 1020
2090 GOTO 380
2100 NEXT I: GOTO 2050
10 REM *****
20 REM ***** VIEWFILE.BAS *****
30 REM ***** VERSION 2 *****
40 REM ***** D. WENYSS *****
50 REM ***** OCT 1986 *****
60 REM *****
70 USER SAVE "VIEWFILE.BAS"
80 CLEAR : VS 5: CLS : CSR 30,10: PRINT "Please wait.....": CSR 30,12: PRINT "Setting up variables"
90 DIM FILE$(2,12),0$(8),P$(12),HEAD$(10,8),F$(4,14),D$(4,19),RECORD$(100,10,25),A$(3),B$(12),NAME$(9): LET W=0: LET T=0: LET Y=0: LET Z=0: LET B$=""
100 CLS : CSR 20,10: INPUT "File to view? > ";B$: IF LEN(B$)>8 THEN GOTO 100 ELSE LET 0$=B$

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Number
11

MEMOPAD

Volume
Three



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105 LET FILE$(1)=D$+".SER": LET FILE$(2)=D$+".NDS"
110 USER OPEN#1,FILE$(2),"I"
120 GOSUB 1050
130 CSR 25,7: PRINT "Loading heading number ";W
140 FOR I=1 TO 10
150 USER EOF#1,190
160 LET W=W+1: CSR 48,7: PRINT W: PAUSE 100
170 USER INPUT #1,HE: D$(1)
180 NEXT I
190 PAUSE 1000: USER CLOSE#1
210 LET F$(1)="F1.....": LET F$(2)="F2.....": LET F$(3)="F3.....": LET F$(4)="F4.....": LET D$(1)="View directory": LET D$(2)="View
all records": LET D$(3)="View a record": LET D$(4)="Return to Main Menu"
220 GOSUB 1150: GOSUB 1050
230 CSR 25,7: PRINT "Loading record number ";Y
240 FOR I=1 TO 200
250 USER EOF#1,300
260 LET Y=Y+1: CSR 48,7: PRINT Y
270 FOR N=1 TO W
280 USER INPUT #1,RECORD$(I,N)
290 NEXT N: NEXT I
300 LET Z=Y: PAUSE 1000
310 USER CLOSE#1

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* D INTRO.

* E

* R

INTRO

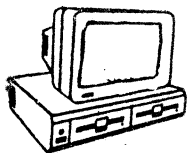
DATABASE

This suite of programs making up the database was devised by Dave Wemyss of Strathkinness. It is in FDX Basic for an 80-column VDU, but with a little bit of thought, could easily be adapted for other configurations.

It is menu-driven with mostly single key responses. Written for the 3 1/2" disc drive, the ordinary 64K memory will cope with up to 100 records, each with up to 10 fields and up to 25 characters per field. With an expanded memory, then it cope with many more records.

File names should follow the following instructions. Give each file a name of up to 8 characters with no extension. When working with a search list, the extension .SER will be added automatically by the programme. When working with a search list do not add .SER when asked for the file name.

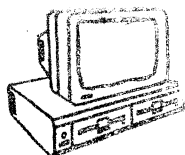
Press <RET> to continue



MEASURE

DO YOU HAVE PROBLEMS CONVERTING LENGTH, AREA, VOLUME, MEASURE ETC. LET YOUR COMPUTER DO THE WORK FOR YOU WITH THIS HANDY LITTLE PROGRAM.

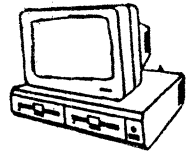
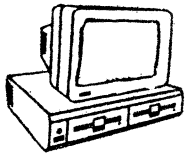
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10 DIM L(8),L$(8,11),A(7),A$(7,9),V(7),V$(7,12),N(6),N$(6,9),P(5),P$(5,11)
20 FOR K=1 TO 8: READ L(K),L$(K): NEXT
30 DATA 1,Inches,12,Feet,36,Yards,63360,Miles,.03937,Millimetres,.3937,Centimetres,39.37,Metres,39370,Kilometres
40 FOR K=1 TO 7: READ A(K),A$(K): NEXT
50 DATA 1,SQ.Inches,144,SQ.Feet,6272640,Acres,4.0145E9,SQ.Miles,155,SQ.Cms,1550,SQ.Metres,1.55E7,Hectares
60 FOR K=1 TO 7: READ V(K),V$(K): NEXT
70 DATA 1,Cubic Inches,1728,Cubic Feet,34.67,Pints,277.36,Gallons,.06102,Cc'S,61.024,Litres,61024,Cubic Metres
80 FOR K=1 TO 6: READ N(K),N$(K): NEXT
90 DATA 1,Dunces,16,Pounds,35840,Tons,.03527,Grams,35.27,Kilograms,35270,Tonnes
100 FOR K=1 TO 5: READ P(K),P$(K): NEXT
110 DATA 1,Psi,51.73,mmHG,6895,N/Sq.Metre,.0681,Atmospheres,68.95,Millibars
120 PAPER 4: INK 15: CLS : CSR 16,1: PRINT "MAIN MENU"
130 CSR 10,5: PRINT "0 :- QUIT PROGRAM"
140 CSR 10,7: PRINT "1 :- LENGTH"
150 CSR 10,9: PRINT "2 :- AREA"
160 CSR 10,11: PRINT "3 :- VOLUME"
170 CSR 10,13: PRINT "4 :- WEIGHT"
180 CSR 10,15: PRINT "5 :- PRESSURE"
190 CSR 10,17: PRINT "6 :- TEMPERATURE"
195 CSR 12,22: PRINT "SELECT CATEGORY"
200 LET X$=INKEY$: IF X$<"0" OR X$>"6" THEN GOTO 140
210 IF X$="0" THEN CLS : STOP
220 CLS : ON VAL(X$) GOSUB 220,1000,1500,2000,2500,3000,3500
230 GOTO 120
1000 PAPER 12: CSR 17,2: PRINT "LENGTH": CSR 17,3: PRINT "_____": FOR K=1 TO 8: CSR 12,7+K: PRINT K;" - ";L$(K): NEXT
1005 CSR 11,22: PRINT "SELECT MEASUREMENT"
1010 LET B$=INKEY$: IF B$<"1" OR B$>"8" THEN GOTO 1010
1020 LET B=VAL(B$): CLS : CSR 5,12: PRINT "Input Number of ";L$(B);
1030 INPUT VL
1040 CLS : CSR 10,2: PRINT VL;" ";L$(B); " Equals "
1060 FOR K=1 TO 8: CSR 5,5+K: PRINT VL*L(B)/L(K): CSR 20,5+K: PRINT L$(K): NEXT
1070 GOSUB 4000
1080 GOSUB 4010
1090 LET X$=INKEY$: IF X$="" THEN GOTO 1090
1100 IF X$=CHR$(13) THEN RETURN ELSE CLS : GOTO 1000
1500 PAPER 8: CSR 18,2: PRINT "AREA": CSR 18,3: PRINT "_____": FOR K=1 TO 7: CSR 12,7+K: PRINT K;" - ";A$(K): NEXT
1505 CSR 11,22: PRINT "SELECT MEASUREMENT"
1510 LET B$=INKEY$: IF B$<"1" OR B$>"7" THEN GOTO 1510
1520 LET B=VAL(B$): CLS : CSR 5,12: PRINT "Input Number of ";A$(B);
1530 INPUT VL
1540 CLS : CSR 12,2: PRINT VL;" ";A$(B); " Equals "
1560 FOR K=1 TO 7: CSR 5,5+K: PRINT VL*A(B)/A(K): CSR 20,5+K: PRINT A$(K): NEXT
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1570 GOSUB 4000
1580 GOSUB 4010
1590 LET X4=INKEY$: IF X4="" THEN GOTO 1590
1600 IF X4=CHR$(13) THEN RETURN ELSE CLS : GOTO 1500
2000 PAPER 13: CSR 17,2: PRINT "VOLUME": CSR 17,3: PRINT "_____": FOR K=1 TO 7: CSR 12,7+K: PRINT K;" - ";V$(K): NEXT
2005 CSR 11,22: PRINT "SELECT MEASUREMENT"
2010 LET B4=INKEY$: IF B4="1" OR B4="7" THEN GOTO 2010
2020 LET B=VAL(B4): CLS : CSR 5,12: PRINT "Input Number of ";V$(B);
2030 INPUT VL
2040 CLS : CSR 12,2: PRINT VL;" ";V$(B);" Equals "
2060 FOR K=1 TO 7: CSR 5,5+K: PRINT VL*(B)/V(K): CSR 20,5+K: PRINT V$(K): NEXT
2070 GOSUB 4000
2080 GOSUB 4010
2090 LET X4=INKEY$: IF X4="" THEN GOTO 2090
2100 IF X4=CHR$(13) THEN RETURN ELSE CLS : GOTO 2000
2500 PAPER 7: INK 1: CSR 17,2: PRINT "WEIGHT": CSR 17,3: PRINT "_____": FOR K=1 TO 6: CSR 12,7+K: PRINT K;" - ";M$(K): NEXT
2505 CSR 11,22: PRINT "SELECT MEASUREMENT"
2510 LET B4=INKEY$: IF B4="1" OR B4="6" THEN GOTO 2510
2520 LET B=VAL(B4): CLS : CSR 5,12: PRINT "Input Number of ";M$(B);
2530 INPUT VL
2540 CLS : CSR 12,2: PRINT VL;" ";M$(B);" Equals "
2560 FOR K=1 TO 6: CSR 5,5+K: PRINT VL*(B)/M(K): CSR 20,5+K: PRINT M$(K): NEXT
2570 GOSUB 4000
2580 GOSUB 4010
2590 LET X4=INKEY$: IF X4="" THEN GOTO 2590
2600 IF X4=CHR$(13) THEN RETURN ELSE CLS : GOTO 2500
3000 PAPER 3: INK 1: CSR 15,2: PRINT "PRESSURE": CSR 16,3: PRINT "_____": FOR K=1 TO 5: CSR 12,7+K: PRINT K;" - ";P$(K): NEXT
3005 CSR 11,22: PRINT "SELECT MEASUREMENT"
3010 LET B4=INKEY$: IF B4="1" OR B4="5" THEN GOTO 3010
3020 LET B=VAL(B4): CLS : CSR 5,12: PRINT "Input Number of ";P$(B);
3030 INPUT VL
3040 CLS : CSR 12,2: PRINT VL;" ";P$(B);" Equals "
3060 FOR K=1 TO 5: CSR 5,5+K: PRINT VL*(B)/P(K): CSR 20,5+K: PRINT P$(K): NEXT
3070 GOSUB 4000
3080 GOSUB 4010
3090 LET X4=INKEY$: IF X4="" THEN GOTO 3090
3100 IF X4=CHR$(13) THEN RETURN ELSE CLS : GOTO 3000
3500 PAPER 10: INK 1: CLS : CSR 14,2: PRINT "TEMPERATURE": CSR 14,3: PRINT "_____": CSR 13,6: PRINT "CONVERT WHICH"
3510 CSR 5,11: PRINT "(C) Centigrade to Fahrenheit": CSR 5,14: PRINT "(F) Fahrenheit to Centigrade"
3520 LET B4=INKEY$: IF B4="C" AND B4="F" THEN GOTO 3520
3530 IF B4="C" THEN GOTO 3570
3540 CSR 5,19: INPUT "Input Degrees Fahrenheit? ";VL
3550 CLS : CSR 5,4: PRINT VL;" Degrees Fahrenheit Equals"
3560 CSR 9,8: PRINT (VL-32)*5/9;" Degrees Centigrade": GOTO 3595
3570 CSR 5,19: INPUT "Input Degrees Centigrade? ";VL
3580 CLS : CSR 5,4: PRINT VL;" Degrees Centigrade Equals"
3590 CSR 9,8: PRINT 32+VL*9/5;" Degrees Fahrenheit"
3595 GOSUB 4000: GOSUB 4010
3600 LET X4=INKEY$: IF INKEY$="" THEN GOTO 3600
3610 IF X4=CHR$(13) THEN RETURN ELSE GOTO 3500
4000 CSR 1,20: PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY FOR ANOTHER MEASUREMENT": RETURN
4010 CSR 7,22: PRINT "PRESS RETURN FOR MAIN MENU": RETURN

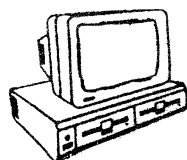
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10 GOTO 1000
20 CODE

4011 BOARD: DS 64
4051 IDENT: DS 64
4091 LIMIT: DB 02,04,04,04,04,04,04,03
4099 DB 04,06,06,06,06,06,06,04
40A1 DB 04,06,06,06,06,06,06,04
40A9 DB 04,06,06,06,06,06,06,04
40B1 DB 04,06,06,06,06,06,06,04
40B9 DB 04,06,06,06,06,06,06,04
40C1 DB 04,06,06,06,06,06,06,04
40C9 DB 03,04,04,04,04,04,04,02
40D1 XPOS: DB 02,04,06,08,10,12,14,16
40D9 DB 04,06,08,10,12,14,16,18
40E1 DB 06,08,10,12,14,16,18,20
40E9 DB 08,10,12,14,16,18,20,22
40F1 DB 10,12,14,16,18,20,22,24
40F9 DB 12,14,16,18,20,22,24,26
4101 DB 14,16,18,20,22,24,26,28
4109 DB 16,18,20,22,24,26,28,30
4111 YPOS: DB 11,10,09,08,07,06,05,04
4119 DB 12,11,10,09,08,07,06,05
4121 DB 13,12,11,10,09,08,07,06
4129 DB 14,13,12,11,10,09,08,07
4131 DB 15,14,13,12,11,10,09,08
4139 DB 16,15,14,13,12,11,10,09
4141 DB 17,16,15,14,13,12,11,10
4149 DB 18,17,16,15,14,13,12,11
4151 EXDIR: DB 06,30,30,30,30,30,30,28
4159 DB 39,63,63,63,63,63,63,60
4161 DB 39,63,63,63,63,63,63,60
4169 DB 39,63,63,63,63,63,63,60
4171 DB 39,63,63,63,63,63,63,60
4179 DB 39,63,63,63,63,63,63,60
4181 DB 39,63,63,63,63,63,63,60
4189 DB 35,51,51,51,51,51,51,48
4191 COLOURS: DB 14,05,02,06,10,13,07
4198 SCORES: DS 14
41A6 EXFG: DS 2

41A8 COLOUR: DS 2
41AA COUNT: DS 2
41AC INCR: LD A,(COUNT)
41AF ADD A,E
41B0 LD H,0
41B2 LD L,A
41B3 PUSH HL
41B4 LD DE,BOARD
41B7 ADD HL,DE
41B8 INC (HL)
41B9 POP HL
41BA LD DE,IDENT
41BD ADD HL,DE
41BE LD A,(COLOUR)
41C1 LD (HL),A
41C2 RET
41C3 GETBD: LD DE,BOARD
41C6 JR AD
41C8 GETID: LD DE,IDENT
41CB JR AD
41CD GETLT: LD DE,LIMIT
41D0 AD: LD HL,(COUNT)
41D3 ADD HL,DE
41D4 LD A,(HL)
41D5 RET
41D6 START: LD A,0
41D8 LD (COUNT),A
41DB LD (EXFG),A
41DE LOOP: CALL GETBD
41E1 LD B,A
41E2 CALL GETLT
41E5 CP B
41E6 JR Z,EXPLODE
41EB JP NC,NEXT
41EB EXPLODE: LD A,(COLOUR)
41EE LD (EXFG),A
41F1 CALL GETLT
41F4 LD B,A
41F5 CALL GETBD
41FB SCF



Number
11

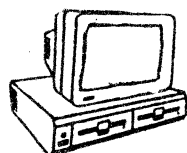
MEMOPAD

Volume
Three



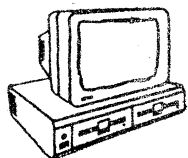
41F9 CCF
41FA SBC A,B
41FB LD (HL),A
41FC CP 0
41FE JR NZ,LD
4200 CALL GETID
4203 LD A,0
4205 LD (HL),A
4206 LB: LD DE,EXDIR
4209 CALL AD
420C LD C,A
420D BIT 0,C
420F JR Z,LB1
4211 LD E,&F9
4213 CALL INCR
4216 LB1: BIT 1,C
421B JR Z,LB2
421A LD E,1
421C CALL INCR
421F LB2: BIT 2,C
4221 JR Z,LB3
4223 LD E,8
4225 CALL INCR
4228 LB3: BIT 3,C
422A JR Z,LB4
422C LD E,7
422E CALL INCR
4231 LB4: BIT 4,C
4233 JR Z,LB5
4235 LD E,&FF
4237 CALL INCR
423A LB5: BIT 5,C
423C JR Z,NEXT
423E LD E,&FB
4240 CALL INCR
4243 NEXT: LD A,(COUNT)
4246 INC A
4247 LD (COUNT),A
424A CP 64
424C JP NZ,LOOP
424F SCORE: LD C,13
4251 LD B,0
4253 LD HL,SCORES
4256 LD DE,SCORES
4259 INC DE
425A LDIR
425C LD A,0
425E LD (COUNT),A
4261 LOOP1: CALL GETID
4264 SLA A
4266 LD E,A
4267 LD D,0
4269 LD HL,SCORES
426C ADD HL,DE
426D LD A,(HL)
426E PUSH HL
426F LD C,A
4270 INC HL

4271 LD A,(HL)
4272 LD B,A
4273 CALL GETBD
4276 LD L,A
4277 LD H,0
4279 ADD HL,BC
427A LD C,L
427B LD B,H
427C POP HL
427D LD A,C
427E LD (HL),A
427F LD A,B
4280 INC HL
4281 LD (HL),A
4282 LD DE,XPOS
4285 CALL AD
4288 LD (XP),A
428B LD DE,YPOS
428E CALL AD
4291 LD (YP),A
4294 CALL GETID
4297 LD L,A
4298 LD H,0
429A LD DE,COLOURS
429D ADD HL,DE
429E LD A,(HL)
429F LD (INK),A
42A2 CALL GETBD
42A5 CP 0
42A7 JR NZ,GTZ
42A9 LD A,136
42AB JR SET
42AD GTZ: LD B,A
42AE CALL GETLT
42B1 DEC A
42B2 CP B
42B3 JR C,GTL
42B5 JR NZ,LTL
42B7 GTL: LD A,132
42B9 JR SET
42BB LTL: LD A,B
42BC ADD A,4B
42BE SET: LD (CHAR),A
42C1 RST 10
42C2 DB &64,&87
42C4 DB 16,0
42C6 INK: DS 1
42C7 DB 3
42C8 XP: DS 1
42C9 YP: DS 1
42CA CHAR: DS 1
42CB LD A,(COUNT)
42CE INC A
42CF LD (COUNT),A
42D2 CP 64
42D4 JR NZ,LOOP1
42D6 RET
42D7 BRD: DS 49



4308 IDT:	DS 49	4516	POP HL
4339 LNT:	DB 2,3,3,3,3,3,2	4517	LD DE, IDT
4340	DB 3,4,4,4,4,4,3	451A	ADD HL, DE
4347	DB 3,4,4,4,4,4,3	451B	LD A, (COLOUR)
434E	DB 3,4,4,4,4,4,3	451E	LD (HL), A
4355	DB 3,4,4,4,4,4,3	451F	RET
435C	DB 3,4,4,4,4,4,3	4520 GBRD:	LD DE, BRD
4363	DB 2,3,3,3,3,3,2	4523	JP AD
436A WBT:	DB 00,48,06,42,02,14,34	4526 GIDT:	LD DE, IDT
4371	DB 46,04,20,44,28,24,16	4529	JP AD
4378	DB 32,18,30,17,31,25,23	452C GLNT:	LD DE, LNT
437F	DB 03,45,27,21,08,40,12	452F	JP AD
4386	DB 36,01,07,41,47,05,13	4532 EXP:	LD A, 0
438D	DB 43,35,10,38,26,22,09	4534	LD (COUNT), A
4394	DB 15,33,39,11,19,37,29	4537	LD (EXFG), A
439B EXPD:	DB 06,14,14,14,14,14,12	453A L0:	CALL GBRD
43A2	DB 07,15,15,15,15,15,13	453D	CP 0
43A9	DB 07,15,15,15,15,15,13	453F	JR Z, NXT
43B0	DB 07,15,15,15,15,15,13	4541	LD B, A
43B7	DB 07,15,15,15,15,15,13	4542	CALL GLMT
43BE	DB 07,15,15,15,15,15,13	4545	CP B
43C5	DB 03,11,11,11,11,11,09	4546	JR Z, EX
43CC YPO:	DB 9,11,13,15,17,19,21	4548	JP NC, NXT
43D3	DB 9,11,13,15,17,19,21	454D EX:	LD A, (COLOUR)
43DA	DB 9,11,13,15,17,19,21	454E	LD (EXFG), A
43E1	DB 9,11,13,15,17,19,21	4551	CALL GLMT
43E8	DB 9,11,13,15,17,19,21	4554	LD B, A
43EF	DB 9,11,13,15,17,19,21	4555	CALL GBRD
43F6	DB 9,11,13,15,17,19,21	4558	SCF
43FD YPO:	DB 5,5,5,5,5,5,5	4559	CCF
4404	DB 7,7,7,7,7,7,7	455A	SBC A, B
4408	DB 9,9,9,9,9,9,9	455B	LD (HL), A
4412	DB 11,11,11,11,11,11,11	455C	CP 0
4419	DB 13,13,13,13,13,13,13	455E	JR NZ, L1
4420	DB 15,15,15,15,15,15,15	4560	CALL GIDT
4427	DB 17,17,17,17,17,17,17	4563	LD A, 0
442E TEMP1:	DS 98	4565	LD (HL), A
4490 TEMP2:	DS 98	4566 L1:	LD DE, EXPD
44F2 BESTP:	DS 1	4569	CALL AD
44F3 MINIMAX:	DS 1	456C	LD C, A
44F4 MAXSC:	DS 1	456D	BIT 0, C
44F5 CCPOS:	DS 1	456F	JR Z, L2
44F6 PCPOS:	DS 1	4571	LD E, &F9
44F7 COMPS:	DS 1	4573	CALL INC
44F8 PERSS:	DS 1	4576 L2:	BIT 1, C
44F9 V0:	DB 97,98,99,100	4578	JR Z, L3
44FB V1:	DB 101,102,103,104	457A	LD E, 1
4501 V2:	DB 105,106,107,108	457C	CALL INC
4505 VL:	DB 32,32,32,32	457F L3:	BIT 2, C
4509 INC:	LD A, (COUNT)	4581	JR Z, L4
450C	ADD A, E	4583	LD E, 7
450D	LD H, 0	4585	CALL INC
450F	LD L, A	4588 L4:	BIT 3, C
4510	PUSH HL	458A	JR Z, NXT
4511	LD DE, BRD	458C	LD E, &FF
4514	ADD HL, DE	458E	CALL INC
4515	INC (HL)	4591 NXT:	LD A, (COUNT)





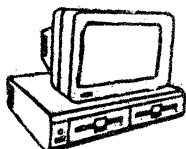
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4594	INC A	4610	CP 0
4595	LD (COUNT),A	461E	JR NZ,L7
4598	CP 49	4620	LD IX,V0
459A	JP NZ,L0	4624	JR SETC
459D	LD A,0 ; ZERO SCORES	4626 L7:	LD B,A
459F	LD (COMPS),A	4627	CALL BLMT
45A2	LD (PERSS),A	462A	DEC A
45A5	LD (COUNT),A	462B	CP B
45A8 L5:	CALL GIDT	462C	JR C,L8
45AE	CP 0	462E	JR NZ,L9
45AD	JR Z,Z	4630 L8:	LD IX,V1
45AF	LD E,A	4634	JR SETC
45B0	LD D,0	4636 L9:	LD A,B
45B2	LD HL,PCPOS ; PLUS OFFSET FOR SCORE	4637	CP 1
45B5	ADD HL,DE	4639	JR NZ,L10
45B6	LD A,(HL)	463B	LD IX,V1
45B7	PUSH HL	463F	JR SETC
45B8	LD B,A	4641 L10:	LD IX,V2
45B9	CALL GBRD	4645 SETC:	LD A,(IX+0)
45BC	ADD A,B	4648	LD (C1),A
45BD	POP HL	464B	LD A,(IX+1)
45BE	LD (HL),A	464E	LD (C2),A
45BF Z:	LD A,(COUNT)	4651	LD A,(IX+2)
45C2	INC A	4654	LD (C3),A
45C3	LD (COUNT),A	4657	LD A,(IX+3)
45C6	CP 49	465A	LD (C4),A
45C8	JR NZ,L5	465D	RST 10
45CA	RET	465E	DB \$64,\$93
45CB ENTER:	LD A,2	4660	DB 16,0
45CD	LD (COLOUR),A	4662 PAPER:	DS 1
45D0 DIS:	CALL DISPLAY	4663	DB 3
45D3	CALL EXP	4664 X1:	DS 1
45D6 DISPLAY:	LD A,0	4665 Y1:	DS 1
45D8	LD (COUNT),A	4666 C1:	DS 1
45DB L6:	LD DE,XPO	4667	DB 3
45DE	CALL AD	4668 X2:	DS 1
45E1	LD (X1),A	4669 Y2:	DS 1
45E4	LD (X3),A	466A C2:	DS 1
45E7	INC A	466B	DB 3
45E8	LD (X2),A	466C X3:	DS 1
45EB	LD (X4),A	466D Y3:	DS 1
45EE	LD DE,YPO	466E C3:	DS 1
45F1	CALL AD	466F	DB 3
45F4	LD (Y1),A	4670 X4:	DS 1
45F7	LD (Y2),A	4671 Y4:	DS 1
45FA	INC A	4672 C4:	DS 1
45FB	LD (Y3),A	4673	LD A,(COUNT)
45FE	LD (Y4),A	4676	INC A
4601	CALL GIDT	4677	LD (COUNT),A
4604	CP 0	467A	CP 49
4606	JR Z,BLACK	467C	JP NZ,L6
4608	CP 2	467F	RET
460A	JR Z,PERS	4680 CMOVE:	LD BC,98 ; STORE BOARD
460C	LD A,6	4683	LD DE,TEMP1
460E	JR SCOL	4686	LD HL,BRD
4610 PERS:	LD A,7	4689	LDIR
4612	JR SCOL	468B	LD A,0 ; INIT FLAGS
4614 BLACK:	LD A,7	468D	LD (CCPOS),A
4616 SCOL:	LD (PAPER),A	4690	INC A
4619	CALL GBRD	4691	LD (COLOUR),A



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FOOTBALL POOLS PREDICTOR

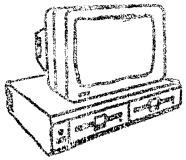


PART FOUR

```

10 REM *****
20 REM ***** FOOTBALL POOLS FORECASTING *****
30 REM ***** PROFESSOR FRANK GEORGE *****
40 REM ***** COMMODORE 64 *****
50 REM ***** ADAPTED FOR MEMOTECH *****
60 REM ***** BY DAVE MEMYSS *****
70 REM ***** JAN 1987 *****
80 REM ***** VIEWAMND.FIX *****
90 REM *****
100 DISC SAVE "VIEWAMND.FIX"
110 VS 5: CLS : CLEAR
120 DIM RECORD$(25,11,16),SAV$(12),DIV$(25),DATE$(9),WEEK$(9),LOA$(2,12),F(12,2)
,AA$(8)
130 LET SAV$="": LET DATE$="": LET WEEK$="": LET AA$="Fixtures": LET DIV$=""
220 CLS : CSR 32,0: PRINT AA$: CSR 31,1: PRINT "====="
230 CSR 16,10: PRINT "F1.....View last Saturday's Fixtures"
240 CSR 16,12: PRINT "F2.....Input next Saturday's Fixtures"
245 CSR 16,14: PRINT "F3.....Return to Main Menu"
250 GOSUB 1100: IF A<128 OR A>130 THEN GOTO 250
260 IF A=129 THEN GOTO 600
265 IF A=130 THEN GOTO 510
270 GOSUB 1050
280 GOSUB 1150
290 LET Z=0: GOSUB 1000: PRINT "Loading fixture number ";Z
300 DISC OPEN $1,LOA$(1),"I"
310 DISC INPUT $1,WEEK$
320 FOR V=1 TO 15
330 DISC EOF $1,380
340 LET Z=Z+1: CSR 43,7: PRINT Z: PAUSE 100
350 DISC INPUT $1,F(V,1)
360 DISC INPUT $1,F(V,2)
370 NEXT V
380 DISC CLOSE $1
390 GOSUB 1250
410 FOR V=1 TO Z
420 CSR 50,V+4: PRINT "Match ";V: CSR 60,V+4: PRINT F(V,1);" v ";F(V,2)
430 NEXT V
440 CSR 7,20: PRINT "F1.....View another division      F2.....Return to
Menu"
450 GOSUB 1100: IF A<128 OR A>129 THEN GOTO 450
470 IF A=129 THEN GOTO 220
480 FOR V=1 TO Z: LET F(V,1)=0: LET F(V,2)=0: NEXT V
490 FOR X=1 TO Y: FOR I=1 TO 11: LET RECORD$(X,I)="          ": NEXT I: NE
XT X
500 GOTO 270
510 GOSUB 1000: PRINT "Returning to Main Menu"
520 DISC LOAD "POOLS.BAS"
600 CLS : CSR 20,10: PRINT "Date for ";AA$;" > ";: INPUT WEEK$
610 GOSUB 1050: GOSUB 1150: CLS
620 GOSUB 1250
630 CSR 66,4: PRINT AA$
640 CSR 20,20: PRINT "For void matches enter 0": PAUSE 1000

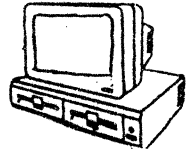
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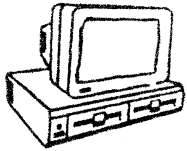


```

650 FOR X=1 TO Y/2: GOSUB 1500: NEXT X
660 PAUSE 2000: CSR 20,18: PRINT "Are fixtures all correct? (Y/N)": GOSUB 1650
670 IF A$="Y" OR A$="y" THEN GOTO 720
680 CSR 0,18: PRINT CHR$(5): CSR 20,18: INPUT "Which match to change? >";X
690 IF X<1 OR X>Y/2 THEN GOTO 690
700 CSR 0,18: PRINT CHR$(5): GOSUB 1500
710 GOTO 660
720 GOSUB 1000: LET X=0: PRINT "Saving Fixture List.....": CSR 20,9: PRINT "
For Saturday ";WEEK$: CSR 20,11: PRINT "Now saving match number ";X
730 LET SAV$=LEFT$(LOA$(2),8)+".FIX"
735 DISC ERA SAV$
740 DISC OPEN $1,SAV$,"0"
750 DISC PRINT $1,WEEK$

755 FOR Y=1 TO Y/2: CSR 44,11: PRINT X
760 DISC PRINT $1,F(X,1)
770 DISC PRINT $1,F(X,2)
780 NEXT X
790 DISC CLOSE $1
800 CLS : CSR 8,20: PRINT "F1.....Another Division      F2.....Return t
o Menu"
810 GOSUB 1100: IF A<128 OR A>129 THEN GOTO 810
820 IF A=128 THEN GOTO 610 ELSE GOTO 220
1000 CLS : CSR 20,0: PRINT DIV$: GOSUB 1600: CSR 20,5: PRINT "Please wait.....
...": CSR 20,7
1010 RETURN
1050 CLS : PLOD "PROG1"
1060 GOSUB 1100: IF A<128 OR A>134 THEN GOTO 1060
1070 RETURN
1100 LET A$=INKEY$: LET A=ASC(A$): RETURN
1150 LET DIV$="
"
1160 IF A=128 THEN LET LOA$(1)="ENGDIVS1.FIX": LET LOA$(2)="ENGDIVS1.TMS": LET D
IV$="English First Division": LET N=22: GOTO 1230
1170 IF A=129 THEN LET LOA$(1)="ENGDIVS2.FIX": LET LOA$(2)="ENGDIVS2.TMS": LET D
IV$="English Second Division": LET N=22: GOTO 1230
1180 IF A=130 THEN LET LOA$(1)="ENGDIVS3.FIX": LET LOA$(2)="ENGDIVS3.TMS": LET D
IV$="English Third Division": LET N=24: GOTO 1230
1190 IF A=131 THEN LET LOA$(1)="ENGDIVS4.FIX": LET LOA$(2)="ENGDIVS4.TMS": LET D
IV$="English Fourth Division": LET N=24: GOTO 1230
1200 IF A=132 THEN LET LOA$(1)="SCOTPREM.FIX": LET LOA$(2)="SCOTPREM.TMS": LET D
IV$="Scottish Premier Division": LET N=12: GOTO 1230
1210 IF A=133 THEN LET LOA$(1)="SCOTDIV1.FIX": LET LOA$(2)="SCOTDIV1.TMS": LET D
IV$="Scottish First Division": LET N=12: GOTO 1230
1220 IF A=134 THEN LET LOA$(1)="SCOTDIV2.FIX": LET LOA$(2)="SCOTDIV2.TMS": LET D
IV$="Scottish Second Division": LET N=14
1230 RETURN
1250 DISC OPEN $1,LOA$(2),"1"
1270 LET S=N/2: LET Y=0: CLS
1280 DISC INPUT $1,DATE$
1290 CSR 10,0: PRINT "Teams updated to ";DATE$: "AA$;" are for ";WEEK$
1300 CSR 25,2: PRINT DIV$: GOSUB 1600
1310 FOR X=1 TO S
1320 LET Y=Y+1
1330 FOR I=1 TO 11
1340 DISC INPUT $1,RECORD$(X,I)
1350 NEXT I
1360 CSR 5,X+4: PRINT X;". ": CSR 9,X+4: PRINT RECORD$(X,1)
1370 NEXT X: LET L=5
1380 FOR X=S+1 TO N
1390 LET Y=Y+1

```

```

1400 FOR I=1 TO 11
1410 DISC INPUT #1,RECORD$(X,1)
1420 NEXT I
1430 CSR 24,L: PRINT X;".": CSR 28,L: PRINT RECORD$(X,1)
1440 LET L=L+1: NEXT X
1450 DISC CLOSE #1
1460 RETURN
1500 CSR 20,18: PRINT "Match No. ";X: CSR 35,18: INPUT "Home Team No. > ";F(X,1)
1510 CSR 55,X+4: PRINT X;".": CSR 65,X+4: PRINT F(X,1);" v "
1520 CSR 35,18: PRINT "                                ": CSR 35,18: INPUT "Away Team No. > "
;F(X,2)
1530 CSR 70,X+4: PRINT F(X,2): PAUSE 1000
1540 CSR 0,18: PRINT CHR$(5)
1550 RETURN
1600 FOR X=0 TO 79: PRINT "-";: NEXT
1610 RETURN
1650 LET A$=INKEY$: IF A$<>" " THEN GOTO 1650
1660 LET A$=INKEY$: IF A$="" THEN GOTO 1660
1670 IF A$<>"Y" AND A$<>"Y" AND A$<>"N" AND A$<>"N" THEN GOTO 1650

1680 RETURN

PRG61

```

* D MENU.

* R

CHOOSE DIVISION MENU

=====

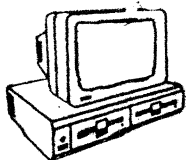
```

English First Division.....F1
English Second Division.....F2
English Third Division.....F3
English Fourth Division.....F4
Scottish Premier Division.....F5
Scottish First Division.....F6
Scottish Second Division.....F7

```

* PLEASE NOTE *

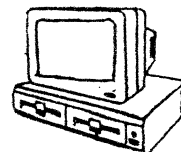
Since receiving the listing for 'Football Pools Predictor' from Dave he had had to make certain modifications and changes, these are listed on the next page. You now have the complete set of programs I hope they help you win a fortune. Remember if you are successful - I want my cut!



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CHANGES TO FORECASTING PROGRAM

We should explain that the first part of page 43 of Issue 8 is the introduction which is in NODDY. Line 400 of POOLS.BAS calls this up if required. Missing is PROG1" which should be:

```

PROG 1      *  D INTRO
             *  E
             *  R

```

Since the English League Divisions One and Two have been re-organised this season there have to be changes in the VIEWAMND.FIX module. They are :

```

1420  CSR  10,3:PRINT DIV$:LET N=INT (Y/2) : LET NN=MOD (Y,2)

1455  IF NN=1 THEN CSR  24,X+4:PRINT X*2 -1; ".":CSR  28,
      X+4:PRINT RECORD$ ((X*2-1),1)

```

I later found that the change in the number of teams in the English Divisions One and Two also affected the module for re-arranging the league positions (POSITION.SOR). Below are the necessary changes to line 290 and the new line 295.

```

290 LET N=INT (Y/2): LET NN=MOD (Y,2): FOR X+1 TO N: CSR 0, X+4;
PRINT X; ".": CSR 5, X+4: PRINT RECORD$ (X,1); CSR 22, X+4: PRINT
RECORD$ (X,2): CSR 30, X+4: PRINT X+N; "."; CSR 35, X+4: PRINT
RECORD$ (X+N,1): CSR 53, X+4: PRINT RECORD$ (X+N,2): NEXT X

```

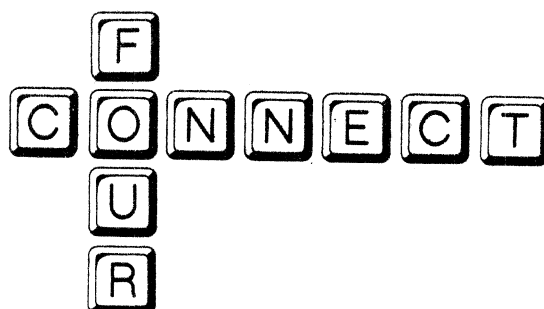
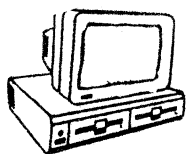
```

295 IF NN=1 THEN CSR 30, X+4: PRINT X*2-1; ".": CSR 35,X+4: PRINT
RECORD$ ((X*2-1),1): CSR 53, X+4: PRINT RECORD$ ((X*2-1),2)

```

MEMOTECH FDX

TWIN 5.25" (1 MEGA BYTE) DISC DRIVES
 1 MEGA BYTE SILICON RAM DISC
 CP/M 2.2, 80 COLUMN CARD, NEWWORD, SUPERCALC
 NUMEROUS GAMES ON DISC
 COST £900 NEW - WILL SELL FOR ONLY £525 ono
 TELEPHONE ALAN ON 0946 66770



The very first task this month is to insert a forgotten variable TH\$. This is used by the printing routine when the computer is thinking.

Immediately after G\$: DB 00 enter the INSERT MODE and type in : TH\$: DB 00 as per the first two lines of this month's listing.

Next, immediately after LD SP,STACK enter the next section of code (again in the 'insert mode') up to the line of ampersands (8). This initialises the VDP to our configuration.

This month's main code starts right after SETBRD. ENTER ALL THIS CODE. Make sure you still in the INSERT MODE so that it shoves all the other code upward in memory.

The first part of the code request an input asking : :Do you want to go first?" This section calls a subroutine that first clears the input line and then sets up the cursor position before printing the message. It then calls a rom routine that detects an input from the keyboard and does not return until a key is pressed.

The code then insert the relevant Ascii codes for computer graphic, human graphic and thinking string into variables C\$, H\$, TH\$. These are the LEFT HAND CODES - the actual graphics are made up of two graphic blocks for computer and human. These are only used to detect whose piece is in a particular square. When we print the actual characters to screen they will, in the case of the human piece, for example, be printed as CH\$ (91) + CH\$ (92).

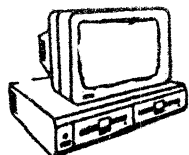
SECTION 4 is entered at the very end of the code (after RET). These are general subroutine used by the code already typed in.

If the assembler informs you that you have some undefined lables when you exit, don't worry, we will put these in with the next section of code.

DON'T FORGET TO SAVE YOUR LATEST VERSION.

If you put a loop in to test last month's listing don't forget to erase it or the program won't go anywhere except in that loop.

You cannot run this month's code because it's incomplete. Next month we will start the computer's routines.



```

TITLE Connect Four Assembler version for magazines only <c> K. Hook 1987
.280
ASEG
.LIST
0003
4064 00 G$: DB 00
4063 00 TH$: DB 00 ;****MUST BE PUT IN BY MAG .....[1]
.LIST
469D F3 START: DI ;DISABLE
469E 31 43B3 LD SP,STACK ;MAKE SURE STACK POINTER O.K.

;*****
;This must be included up to the line of &&&&& .....[2]
;
;*****
46A1 21 43B5 LD HL,REGSET ;REGISTER DATA **
46A4 01 0880 LD BC,0880H ;B=COUNT C=REGISTER NO. +80H
;COS BIT 7 MUST BE SET

46A7 INITLP:
46A7 7E LD A,(HL)
46A8 03 02 OUT (02),A ;SEND REGISTER DATA 1ST
46AA 79 LD A,C ;SEND REGISTER NUMBER
46AB 03 02 OUT (02),A
46AD 23 INC HL ;BUMP DATA POINTER
46AE 0C INC C ;BUMP REGISTER NUMBER
46AF 10 F6 DJNZ INITLP

;*****

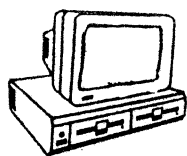
46B1 CD 4172 CALL G2INIT ;INITIALISE SCREEN
46B4 CD 47AA CALL CLS ;MAKE SURE ITS CLEARED
46B7 CD 4866 CALL SETBRD ;SET UP BOARD

46B8 CD 493F CALL SOFF ;Make sure sound off .....[3]
46BD 21 40DB STR: LD HL,MES4 ;'Do you ant to go first?'
46C0 CD 4918 CALL INPUT ;Returns with Ascii in A reg
46C3 FE 59 CP 'Y'
46C5 28 1F JR Z,L5060
46C7 FE 79 CP 'y'
46C9 28 1B JR Z,L5060
46CB FE 4E CP 'N'
46CD CA 47AA JP Z,L6010
46D0 FE 6E CP 'n'
46D2 CA 47AA JP Z,L6010
46D5 18 E6 JR STR

;
46D7 3E 5B LD A,91 ;Lefthand ascii value of H$
46D9 32 4067 LD (H$),A
46DC 3E 5D LD A,93 ;Ascii Value of TH$
46DE 32 4068 LD (TH$),A
46E1 3E 3E LD A,94 ;Lefthand value of C$
46E3 32 4069 LD (C$),A

;All The above are used to test which
;Values are in the arrays
;However when they are printed to the
;the screen they will have to have their
;Righthand value added because all chars
;are made up of two character cells.

```



```

;*****

;Human routine

;*****

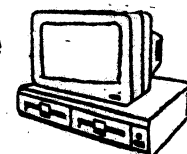
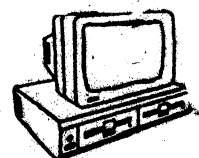
46E6      L5060:
46E6      CD 493F      CALL    SOFF      ;Turn sound off .. Just incase
46E9      21 410F      LD      HL,YRGO      ;'Pick a number ...' message
46EC      CD 4918      CALL    INPUT      ;Input routine will place csr and
                                     ;print message and return with
                                     ;key pressed in A register
46EF      D6 30        SUB     30H      ;Strip ascii to leave actual number
46F1      28 04        JR      Z,ERR      ;If zero then error must be 1-8
46F3      FE 09        CP      9        ;If >8 then error remember ...
46F5      38 3E        JR      C,L5130    ;testing for C means less than 9
46F7
46F7      DD 36 00 05   ERR:      LD      (IX+00H),5      ;X pos
46FB      DD 36 01 16   LD      (IX+01H),22      ;Y pos
46FF      21 4152      LD      HL,SPC      ;Clear message line
4702      CD 47EA      CALL    PRINT
4705      DD 36 00 05   LD      (IX+00H),5
4709      DD 36 01 16   LD      (IX+01H),22      ;PUT CSR BACK TO START
470D      11 0608      LD      DE,0608H      ;COMMAND BYTE IN D PARAMETER IN E
4710      CD 490D      CALL    COMSCR      ;This routine interfaces to Ksub1
                                     ;All we are doing is sending ink
                                     ;colour 8 to Vdp (6 = ink colour)
                                     ;in Ksub1 ... well you might have
                                     ;forgotten !
                                     ;'Illegal input...'
4713      21 40FF      LD      HL,ILEGAL
4716      CD 47EA      CALL    PRINT
4719      3E 01        LD      A,1
471B      32 FE14      LD      (0FE14H),A      ;Channel number
471E      21 0384      LD      HL,900      ;FREQUENCY
4721      22 FE16      LD      (0FE16H),HL
4724      3E 0F        LD      A,15      ;Full volume
4726      32 FE18      LD      (0FE18H),A
4729      CD 08F6      CALL    08F6H      ;Make a sound with a rom call
472C      CD 4902      CALL    DELAY      ;Wait a bit
472F      CD 493F      CALL    SOFF      ;Now turn it off
4732      C3 46E6      JP      L5060      ;NOW go and get a proper input ..
                                     ;hopefully !

;*****
;When input correct jumps to here
;*****

4735
4735      21 403E      L5130:      LD      HL,DIMR      ;R()
4738      3D          DEC     A      ;Dec 1 for access to arrays
4739      5F          LD      E,A
473A      16 00      LD      D,0

473C      19          ADD     HL,DE      ;Now at correct place in array R(x)
473D      7E          LD      A,(HL)      ;R(X)
473E      FE 08      CP      8
4740      38 B5      JR      NC,ERR      ;>7 then error remember NC = or >

```

```

4742 3C
4743 77
4744 32 4078
4747 21 400A
474A 19
474B 7E
474C DB 77 00
474F D5
4750 3A 4078
4753 5F
4754 21 4012
4757 19
4758 7E
4759 DD 77 01

475C D1
475D 21 404E
4760 CB 23
4762 19

4763 5E
4764 23
4765 56
4766 3A 4078
4769 6F
476A 26 00
476C 19
476D 3A 4067
4770 32 4060
4773 77
4774 F5
4775 11 0603
4778 CD 490D
477B CD 419A
477E F1
477F 3C
4780 CD 419A
4783 3E 01
4785 32 FE14
4788 3E 64
478A 32 FE16
478D 3E 0F
478F 32 FE18
4792 CD 00F6
4795 CD 494D
4798 06 00
479A 21 403A
479D
479D 7E
479E FE 04
47A0 D2 494D

```

DIMLP:

```

47A3 23
47A4 04
47A5 78
47A6 FE 04
47A8 20 F3

```

```

INC A
LD (HL),A
LD (RV),A
LD HL,DINGC
ADD HL,DE
LD A,(HL)
LD (IX+00H),A
PUSH DE
LD A,(RV)
LD E,A
LD HL,DINDN
ADD HL,DE
LD A,(HL)
LD (IX+01H),A

POP DE
LD HL,TB$TAB
SLA E
ADD HL,DE

LD E,(HL)
INC HL
LD D,(HL)
LD A,(RV)
LD L,A
LD H,0
ADD HL,DE
LD A,(H$)
LD (X$),A
LD (HL),A
PUSH AF
LD DE,0603H
CALL COMSCR
CALL KSUB1
POP AF
INC A
CALL KSUB1
LD A,1
LD (0FE14H),A
LD A,100
LD (0FE16H),A
LD A,15
LD (0FE18H),A
CALL 00F6H
CALL L60
LD B,0
LD HL,DIMA

LD A,(HL)
CP 04H
JP NC,HUNON

```

;so test for value plus 1

;R = R+1

;R(X)=R+1

;GC(X)

;E=GC(X)

;SAVE DE FOR A MO

;DN(R)

;

;F=DN(R)

;Screen position now set up

;Must mul by 2 for address access

;We are now getting the correct

;address in memory of T\$TAB(,x)

;T\$TAB(R,X)

;HUMAN COUNTER

;X\$ =H\$

;T\$TAB(R,X)=H\$

;SAVE AF cos Ksub1 doesn't preserve

;INK 3 for human counter

;Now print first half on screen

;Next half of counter

;And print it on screen

;FOR I = 1 TO 4

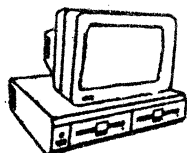
;IF A(1)>4

;NEXT I

```

INC HL
INC B
LD A,B
CP 4
JR NZ,DIMLP

```



47AA

```
*****
;Computer Routine .... NEXT MONTH
*****
L6010:
```

.LIST

.....[4]

```
4902      DELAY:
4902      D9      EXX      ;preserve registers by using alternatives
4903      01 6000  LD      BC,6000H      ;Delay count
4906      DEL1:
4906      00      DEC      BC
4907      79      LD      A,C
4908      B0      OR      B
4909      20 FB   JR      NZ,DEL1

490B      D9      EXX      ;Get standard regs back
490C      C9      RET
```

490D

CONSCR:

;Send command in D to Ksub1 with parameter in E

```
490D      F5      PUSH     AF
490E      7A      LD      A,D      ;Command byte 3,4,6 etc
490F      CD 419A  CALL     KSUB1
4912      7B      LD      A,E      ;Parameter Ink, csr x,y etc
4913      CD 419A  CALL     KSUB1
4916      F1      POP      AF
4917      C9      RET
```

4918

INPUT:

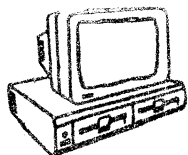
```
4918      E5      PUSH     HL      ;Save message pointer
4919      DD 36 00 05  LD      (IX+00H),5      ;X POS
491D      DD 36 01 16  LD      (IX+01H),22      ;YPOS
4921      21 4152  LD      HL,SPC
4924      CD 47EA  CALL     PRINT      ;Clear command line
4927      DD 36 00 05  LD      (IX+00H),5
492B      DD 36 01 16  LD      (IX+01H),22
492F      11 0604  LD      DE,0604H
4932      CD 490D  CALL     CONSCR
4935      E1      POP      HL
4936      CD 47EA  CALL     PRINT
4939      CD 0079  SCAN:  CALL     0079H      ;Keyboard scan returns ascii in A
493C      28 FB   JR      Z,SCAN      ;Zero flag set if no pressed
493E      C9      RET
```

493F

SOFF:

;Turn sound on channel 1 off

```
493F      3E 01      LD      A,1
4941      32 FE14  LD      (0FE14H),A
4944      3E 00      LD      A,0
4946      32 FE18  LD      (0FE18H),A
4949      CD 00F6  CALL     00F6H
494C      C9      RET
```



Number
11

MEMOPAD

Volume
Three



The Complete Price List

Hardware

DESCRIPTION	MEMBERS PRICE	NON MEMBERS PRICE	CARRIAGE
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COMPLETE CP/M PACKAGE

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---	-------	-------	-------

CP/M SYSTEM

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HX 12" GREEN SCREEN MONITOR	85.49	95.00	10.00
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TWIN RS232 INTERFACE (UPGRADE)	26.96	29.95	3.00
--------------------------------	-------	-------	------

FDX 2 X 1 MBYTE CP/M + 2 MBYTE SILICON DISC.	877.50	975.00	10.00
---	--------	--------	-------

32K MEMORY EXPANSION	37.95	39.95	3.00
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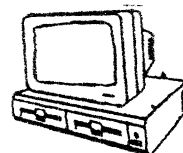
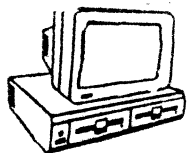
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RS232 INTERFACE (FULL BOARD)	37.95	39.95	3.00
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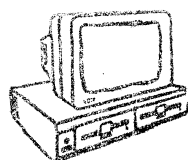
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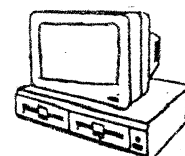
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Number
11

MEMOPAD

Volume
Three



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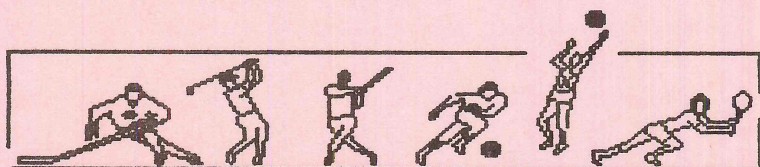
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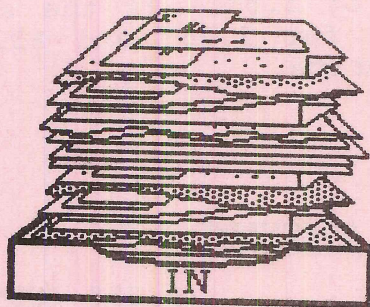
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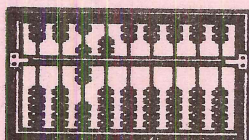
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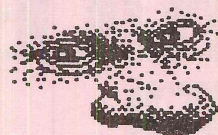
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